Cyber notebook of ISEP

Types of tense:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | past | present | future |
| Simple7 | Verb + ed  (irregular) | Verb + s (3rd person singular) | Will + verb  Going to + verb |
| continuous | To be ( was/were) +  Verb + Ing | To be + verb + Ing | Will + to be + verb + Ing |
| Perfect | Had + past participle | Have + past participle | Will + have + past participle |
| Perfect Continuous | Had+ been +  Verb + Ing  (Present participle) | Have + been +  Past participle | Will + have + been+  Past participle |

Example:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| did | do  does | Will do  Going to do |
| Was doing | Is doing | Will be doing |
| Had done | Have done | Will have done |
| Had been doing | Have been done | Will have been done |

Perfect tense:

When time isn’t the forces

Passive voice:

Only transitive verbs can be used in the passive

Complex sentences:

One independent clause +1 or more dependent clauses.

May have a comma(,)

Subordinating conjunction,

e.g., although/however/until/as soon as/because/when/while……

Tense-For expressing a particular purpose, e.g., attitude or facts, event order, but not all about time.

Example:

1. I lived in Canada for five years.—simple past

2. I have lived in Canada for five years.----present perfect

The first one is confusing and spoken; we don’t know whether the speaking is still in Canada now; the second one is clear and written, so we can see the speaker is still in Canada.

When talking,

Function words mostly Quieter and Content word mostly Higher

Function words be like: art., prep., pron., positive adj., auxiliaries verbs

Content words be like: n., v., adj., adv., negative aux verbs/words (can’t/hasn’t）